

Diet and Affinity From The Middle Neolithic To Early Bronze Age, Estremadura, Portugal: A  
Comparison Of Human Dental Remains From Feteira And Bolores

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Abstract

The social and political changes accompanying the transition from the Neolithic through Early Bronze Age in southwestern Iberia are reasonably well understood; less is known about population movements and dietary changes that accompanied these transformations. This study addresses possible population movements and dietary change in human dental remains from the Middle Neolithic through Late Neolithic site of Feteira (3600-2900 B.C.E) and the Late Neolithic through the Early Bronze Age site of Bolores (2800-1800 B.C.E) will be used to examine diet and affinity. Two hypotheses are tested: the period of social change was associated with dietary change between individuals interred at Feteira and Bolores.